Long Awaited Measure is Presented to House of Commons By Chief Irish Secretary.

SEEMS TO SATISFY NOBODY.

Confers Little Self Government-Council to be Appointed by Crown. To Control Eight Departments.

London, Mary 7.-The government to day presented its long-awaited Trish bill to the house of commons and the country. This bill is designed to mus the demands for Irish home rule. It was presented by the chief secretary for Ireland, Mr. Birrell, to a crowded house.

LITTLE SELF-GOVERNMENT.

The measure confers little self-government upon Ireland, merely giving to the council control of the eight departments now managed by government boards. The council is to be appointed by the crown and while the lord lieutenant of Ireland is given power to lieutenant of Ireland is given power to nullify its measures, the crown retains control of five of the eight departments, including the constabulary. The control of this branch always has been a thorn in the flesh of the Irish people. This half-way measure is wholly pleasing to no political party. The Unionists regard it as a skep toward home rule. They object to glying Ireland the management of many departments of local They object to giving ireland the management of many departments of local affairs while the trish members of commons retain the right to legislate in similar affairs for England and Scotland. They cricize also the plan of government as complicated and cumbersome. The radicals are disappointed that the measure falls so short of actual

home rule.

The Irish lenders, however, are maintaining a diplomatic attitude until they have time to study the provisions of the bill and learn the sentiment of the peo-

Nationalist convention will be held in Dublin to decide upon the Irish poli-cy. The Laborites will support the measure because they are all home

measure because they are all homerulers.

To prevent the first reading of the bill being deferred until tomorrow, and while Walter Hume Long was still speaking. Mr. Birrell moved the closure. Then amid great uproar and protesta and shouts of "Gag," the closure was carried by 417 votes to 121, and the bill passed its first reading by 416 votes to 121. The house then adjourned.

BALFOUR RIDICULES TELL

After the bill had been presented and explained by Mr. Birrell, it was ridiculed by A. K. Balfour on behalf of the opposition. John E. Redmond then deopposition. John E. Redmond then de-livered a brilliant speech, giving a dig-nified and forceful exposition of Ire-land's claims for complete home rule. W. Bourke Cockran of New York was an interested spectator during the pro-

Most of Mr. Birroll's speech was a dry explanation of details of the plan, although in the beginning he eloquently contrasted his position with that of Mr. Gladstone in presenting home rule, calling his task a mere humble one and commensurate with his position and powers.

DUBLIN CASTLE A FAILURE.

Mr. Birrell called Dublin castle a failure, saying:

"There it stands, remote, without a friend and melanchely, while the current of Irish life, sweeps past."

"No governor had entered," he continued, "the gloomy portals of Dublin castle without a sinking of the almost equivalent to abandon-

Parnell had said that one way to govern Ireland was to send a man there to hold the balance of all parties and administer the country in a ties and administer the country in a spirit of courage and independence, but the government had no such man in its eye. "I would rather write the biography of a British autocrat," Mr. Birrell said, "than live under his rule. Such men do not make good history." Nobody, said Mr. Birrell, believed that the present administration of Ireland was sound in principle or economical. Under the proposed new scheme the Irish members would continue to sit at Westminster in undimished numbers, but he hoped hereafter to find a more profitable chance for their inquisitiveness in managing local affairs at home. It was the intention of the bill to establish a representative administrative council consentative administrative council contention of the bill to establish a repre-sentative administrative council con-sisting of 82 elected and 24 nomi-nated members, the latter to be nomi-nated the first year by the king and thereafter by the lord lieutenant of Ireland. Elected members would be elected on the local government board franchise. The under secre-tary to the lord lieutenant would be ex-officio member of the council,

GUARD YOUR HEALTH

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS A BOON TO ALL WOMEN.

Used to Keep the Blood Rich and Pure They Will Prevent Much Suffering and Misery.

As a woman approaches the age of corty or thereabouts, she should pay particular attention to her health. The lard work, which she may have been constoned to do and the worry and exent of her daily life should be lea-l or avoided as much as possible, er health after she passes this time depend in a large measure upon it, woman owes it to herself to build er strength during these years, For purpose Dr. Williams Pink Pills been recognized as the standard cine, because of their great blood

modeline, because of their great blood and tonic properties.

Mrs. Hannah A. Lozier, of 1151 Michgan Ave., Detroit, Mich., says:

"I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pils about four years ago, after I had been suffering for some years from fizzy spells and nervousness which were arought on by overwork. I tried several nedicines without help and all the time accame more irritable, nervous and walk. At times I had no appetite and ould cat nothing, At intervals of every wo or three days, my heart seemed to isse up in my throut and I would have to lie down until the feeting passed away. I also had dull aching pains unler my right shoulder and across my lack. When I looked up I would see black spots. Occasionally I would become so dizzy that I had to steady myself to kesp from falling.

"I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink bills and after I had taken them a short inter the dizzy spells became less fre-

the and after I had taken them a short the the digzy spells became less fre-ient and finally stopped. Much soon-than I had expected or hoped I was tirely well and I now feel like a new

rson altogether.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are adapted
r diseases due to impure blood and
attered nerves. They are invaluable hes, dizziness, nervousness, neuralgia d even partial paralysis and locomo-A valuable booklet entitled "Plain Talks to Women" will be sent free, in a

envelope, upon request, to any n interested. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by druggists, or sent, postpaid, or re-pt of price, 50 cents per box, six box-for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

which vould have complete control of the powers vested in the departments to be handed over to its care. The president of the council would be appointed by the council. If the experience of the product of the councils they must be given full pensions.

SUPREMACY OF PARLIAMENT.

Exercise of the powers vested in Exercise of the powers vested in the departments would be controlled by reasons of the council and the supremacy of the imperial parliament would be safeguarded by the power given to the lord lieutenant to reserve his consent to any results of the council and eight departments which would be made subject to the new second.

departments coming under the The departments coming under the control of the proposed Irish council would be the local government board, lepartment of agriculture, congested districts board, commissioners of public works, national education and incremediate education, inspectors of he reformatory and industrial schools and the registratemental.

the reformatory and industrial scious and the registrar-general.

The supreme court judiciature, royal Irish constabulary, Dublin metropolitan police, the land commission and the prisons board would remain under the control of the imperial authorities.

The constituencies, Mr. Birrell ex-

The constituencies, Mr. Birrell explained, roughly would be the same as those of the present parliamentary areas. Hestid not think 107 members were too many. The council would be elected for three years and authorized committees as it cleeted for three years and actions, to establish as many committees as it cleased, but it must establish finance, public works, education and local government board committees, the chairman of which would be appointed by

SEPARATE IRISH FUND.

For financial purposes a certain annual sum, to be fixed by parliament every five years, would be paid into a separate Irish fund. The present cost of the eight departments was estimated at a little over \$10,000,000 year-ly. The government proposed to hand over in addition the sum of \$3,250,000 yearly, of which \$1,500,000 must be devated to public works and the general development of the country including other statutory payments. An Irish fund, therefore to the second of a little over \$20,000,000 annually would be created.

The council would have the power to properly or remove the officers of the

The council would have the power to appoint or remove the officers of the eight departments, but the rights of the existing officers would be consequent denomination in appointments, government," concluded Mr. "The government," concluded Mr. Birrell, "has been told that the bill payed the way for home rule. If the

bill is passed and the new council is bill is passed and the new council is a success, then I dare say it might pave the way. If, on the other hand, it is a failure, it might present considerable obstacles, but surely the Unionists will not refuse Ireland an opportunity for training her people to acquire any right they ought to possess because if the measure proves successful one of the difficulties in the way of home rule will have been removed."

OPPOSITION LEADER'S VIEW. OPPOSITION LEADER'S VIEW.

Mr. Balfour, opposition leader, characterized the bill as grossly unfair, as the Irish members of parliament were still able to interfere in English and Scotch affairs while the house of commons would be unable to say a word in the analogous business about to be transferred to the new council. The measure would not legitimately relieve the aspirations of the Irish and would only cause confusion in the administration and entail real grievances of Scotland and England.

More preposterous suggestions re-

of Scotland and England.

More preposterous suggestions regarding the local government had never been made, he declared. They would cause collisions with the authorities and inevitably involve a break-down of the whole scheme. The proposals would satisfy neither the English nor the Scotch and still less the Irish.

JOHN REDMOND.

John Redmond, Irish leader, said until he and his colleagues had time to consider the bill and elicit Irish public opinion regarding it, no one could expect him to give final judgment. Mr. Gladstone proposed to solve any problem by the full and frank concession of self-government and autonomy to lem by the full and Irank concession of self-government and autonomy to the Irish people, but what the present government offered was not home rule nor a substitute for it. The Irish still demanded home rule. As home rulers Mr. Redmond thought they were jusdemanded home rule. As nome rules Mr. Redmond thought they were justified in regarding the scheme as consistent with the maintenance of their nspirations, and he proceeded to apply certain tests to the scheme regarding giving general and effective control to the Irish public opinion over the matters which the bill dealt with. He did not like the nominated element. Mr. Redmond agreed with Mr. Balfour that it was not democratic, but if he was told that the government's object was to give a large representation to the minority, who were suspicious regarding the action of the majority then he would be perfectly willing to accept this undemocratic principle. He believed the minority's fears were groundless. There were no limitations to which he would not go to meet this fears.

The power given the lord lieutenant, he declared, appeared to go far beyond the ordinary veto limits. If that was so, the provision did away with the genuine character of the power given to the council.

power given to the council.

After expressing doubt regarding certain minor features, Mr. Redmond discussed the financial features. He said he believed the fund of \$3,250,000 was most inadequate. The whole amount would be mortgaged at once, leaving nothing for the development of Ireland. Therefore it would be impossible successfully to work the scheme. The police department was the only one in which a real saving could be effected and that was withhe only one in which a real saving bould be effected and that was with-neld from them.

Mr. Redmond confessed that although

he viewed the question from a pole opposite to that of Mr. Balfour, he felt the force of some of the latter's arguments. However, if the measure showed itself worthy, even with mod-erate success his party would gladly

NATIONALISTS CALL CONVEN-TION.

The Nationalists have called a great convention to be held in Dublin May 21 and 22 to consider the government's bill. All the Irish city corporations and the borough and city rural counand the borough and city rural councils have been invited to send delegates irrespective of politics. The branches of the United Irish league in Ireland and England also will be represented, and all the clergymen of Ireland, irrespective of denomination, will be exofficio delegates. It is expected more than 2,000 persons will attend.

John E. Redmond will set forth Mr. Birrell's proposed bill and ask the convention to pass its opinion for the guidance of the Irish members of

he guidance of the Irish members of parliament.

After Mr. Redmond's speech in the house today interest in the debate dwindled. Thomas W. Russell, Liberal, expressed the conviction that there had been a change of opinion and that most of the population of Ulster would be found supporting the measure, which he said had excited the opposition of the Ulster Unifonists be cause they feared it would put an end to their reign of patronage.

Mr. Barry, solicitor general for Ireland, repudiated the suggestion that

and, repudiated the suggestion that here had been a private treaty with

A LOVERS' QUARREL.

Two Young Men Love Same Girl, One Kills the Other.

Kansas City, Mo., May 8.-Clyde St. Clair, aged 22, son of George St. Clair, a prominent citizen of Independence, Mo., was shot and killed on the public square in that city at an early hour this morning by Van Tappan, aged 23 years, his intimate friend. The two young men had attended a party towith whom both were in love and were

DR. T. FELIX COURAUD'S



AN IDEAL, ANTISEPTIC TOILET POWDER FOR

INFANTS AND ADULTS. This is an exquisitely perfumed, antiseptic tollet pow-der. It is a household necessity for the nursery and tollet. It keeps the complexion clear and preserves the velvety texture of youth. It should be used freely after bathing, giving a delightful and refreshing effect. FERD. T. HOPKINS, N. Y. City,

COURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM.

WILLES-HORNE DRUC CO., No. 8 Main St. By the Monument, SALT LAKE CITY.

returning home when they engaged in a quarrel over her which resulted in the tragedy. Tappan went to the police station and voluntarily surrendered. He said he shot St. Clair in self-defense when the latter threatened him with a revolver. There were no witnesses.

KILLED IN KENTUCKY FEUD.

Middleboro, Ky., May 7.-In a pitched hatter on Sugar Island creek early to-day, the result of a feud, John Howard and Martin Green were killed, Eleanor Howard fatally shot and Jim and Geo. Green badly wounded.

A. W. CLARK, JR., MARRIED.

Butte, May 8.—W. A. Clark, Jr., and Alice Genevieve Medin were married this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. R. A. Carnochan, 813 West Silver street. The ceremony was performed by Judge Michael Donlin, and was witnessed by a few immediate friends. Mr. Clark is a son of former Senator W. A. Clark.

STEERAGE PASSENGERS AT WAR ON THE MAORI KING.

San Diego, May 7 .- With 921 Chinese steerage passengers at war with 211 Russian steerage passengers, all on tussian steerage passingers, an on-their way from Vladivostock and Shanghai to Matalay and Guaymas the British steamer Maori King put in here today in distress. A virtual state of mutiny exists on board the vessel and the ship is now lying in quarantine, guarded by immigration and custom of-ficials, while waiting a settlement of the matter.

the matter.
Capt. Duncan, who sighted the pier at Coronado, thought he could land there and got into shoal water. The sea was calm, but the tide was falling and the first report was that he was aground. He finally entered the harbor and reported his condition.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

Sandiego, Cal., May 8.—It was re-ported late last night that two sailors who have escaped from the British steamer Maori King, which arrived here yesterday from Shanghai, make sensa-tional charges of brutality against the board and their bodies cast into the

International complications are likely to result and it is believed that the most serious part of the affair remains yet to be told.

A YOUNG BANDIT.

Mere Boy, Fearing He Had Killed a Policeman, Commits Suicide.

Policeman, Commits Suicide.

Philadelphia, May 7.— Folled in his attempt to hold up, with the aid of a companian, two trolley conductors in West Philadelphia early today and fearing that he had killed a policeman, Haroid S. Jones, aged 16, shot and killed himself. His companion, G. H. Geddes, aged 18, was arrested.

Jones and Geddes met the conductors on their way home from their night's work and Jones, drawing a revolver, ordered them to throw up their hands. Instead of complying, the conductors showed fight and Jones and his companion fled, pursued by a policeman without effect and then backed/up against a house and sent a bullet into his own head.

AN ALLEGED DEFAULTED.

Seattle, Wash.) May 7.—John Riplinger, for four years city comptroller, Republican candidate for mayor in the last election and well known in the northwest, retired from office in March, 1906, a defaulter in the sum of more than \$9,000, it is alleged. Tonight H. W. Carroll, present city comptroller, swore out a warrant for the arrest of his predecessor and former close friend. This is the sensational result of a long investigation into Riplinger's methods and accounts carried on by Comptroller Carroll. Mr. Carroll made public his report tonight.

Riplinger is now in Honduras, having gone there from California more than a month ago. It is doubtful whether he can be reached by law, as there is no extradit in treaty between Honduras and the United States, For a year he has been in Mexico and Cali-

year he has been in Mexico and Cali-

fornia, but evidently made his depart-ing when Carroll recently wrote to him inquiring as to his shortage in accounts. Riplinger obtained the money by falsifying the figures in local improve-ment bonds. He took money that should have been held in trust for con-

should have been held in trust for contractors until they had completed
their work. The Independent Asphalt
company, so far as is known, is the
principal loser in the sum of \$4.500.

While Riplinger seems to have taken
the money for his trip out of the state
and later out of the United States, the
most sensational part of the story is
that he was probably forced to crime
by rollities. He mortgaged his house
and sold many of his personal effects
to raise money for his campaign for
the mayoralty. He cashed a check
for \$4.500 belonging to the asphalt company just two days before the election,
Immediactly after he was defeated he
left Seattle and has not been heard
from since.

from since.

Mr. Riplinger is now located on a banana ranch 20 miles south of Iraona, Honduras. It is said that he is on the high road to success and fortune in this. The news of his crime comes as a great surprise here. He was very popular both as an official and a private gentleman, and was always elected to office by the largest majorities on his ticket.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

San Francisco, May 7.-W. E. Foster merchant of Point Arena, Humbold a merchant of Point Arena, ethinolar county, this state was charged with murder today at the police station. The charge grows out of the death of Jennie McNeil, a young girl of Point Arena, who died last week at a local hospital. The complaint was sworn to by the girl's mother.

BRYAN'S HOME TOWN GOES DEMOCRATIC.

Lincoln, Neb., May 7.—In a total of 5,241 votes cast in the Lincoln city election. Mayor Francis Brown, Democrat, received a majority of 31 votes over Alexander Hutton, Republican. The Republicans elected all the remaining city officers by majorities ranging from 200 to 3,000, While W. J. Bryan took no part in the campaign, his name was used by the Democrats as a rallying cry, on the ground that if he is the Democratic candidate for president next year his home city should have a Democratic mayor.

FUNERAL OF "SILENT" SMITH HELD IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 7.—Funeral services of the late James H. Smith, the millionaire who dled in Kloto, Japan, while on his wedding trip, were held in St Bartholomew's Episcopal church today. Bartholomew's Episcopal church today. The body was taken in a special train to Woodlawn cemetery for burial.

The services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Barton Parks, the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Barton Parks, the pastor, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Wood. A surpliced choir of 100 voices, sang the funeral music.

Among the relatives and friends who

sang the funeral music.

Among the relatives and friends who attended were Sir George Cooper and wife, the Duchess of Manchester and her father, Eugene Zimmerman; Mrs.

A. J. Drexel. Miss Anita Stewart, Mrs. A. J. Drevel, Miss Amita Island, Mrs. Smith's daughter; William Rhynelander Stewart, Jr., her son; E. H. Harriman, Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mrs. Oliver Harriman and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish.

H. S. Leroy, the confidential counsel for Mr. Smith, said that the will about which there has been much speculation.

MODUS VIVENDI BETWEEN **GERMANY AND UNITED STATES**

bably will be made public some time

Berlin, May 7.—The reichstag today passed the first reading of the commercial modus vivendi between the United States and Germasy and referred the agreement to a committee. When the house took up the modus vivendi, Vice Chancellor Count von Posadowsky-Wehner expressed apprehension that the agreement at many points did not fulfill the hopes entertained by the members. Its essential features were almost exclusively administrative provisions made by the United States, which, if carried out in the spirit of the arrangement made between the United States and Germany, would permit of the hope that many difficulties complainhope that many difficulties complain

ad of would be moderated or removed. The federated governments regarded the modus vivendi as being only the first step toward reaching an inderstanding with the United States ipon a much broader basis. American duties when compared with the German, he said, are extraordinarily high and in many classes of goods wholly exclude imports. Therefore Germany thered that further negatiations would bring a more just recognition of her oring a more just recognition of her claims. The United States should emember that Germany is one of her

est customers.
Count von Schwerln-Loewitz. Con-cryative, said the modus vivendi by no means corresponded with the spirit o means corresponded with the spite of reciprocity as interpreted in the inited States. What advantages the ill gave to German industry were denitely less than those Germany gave to the United States.

The agreement was eventually reciprocity to a committee of 28 which, is expected, will report in a few less.

"SILENT" SMITH'S WILL.

Estate Valued at \$25,000,000, Most of It Going to Two Nephews.

New York, May 7.—The will of the late James Henry Smith was made public tonight. The value of the estate is estimated at about \$25,000,000. All his near kin receive legacies, and there are bequests to two local hospitals. The will provides for a direct heir, but of this, jt is said, there is not a remote possibility. His nephews, George Grant Mason of Aberdeen, S. D., and William Smith Mason, are the principal beneficiaries of the estate, receiving two-thirds and one-third respectively of the residue. His cousin, James C. Keith of Vancouver, gets \$100,000.

George Grant Mason was until re-cently division superintendent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul rail-road, William Smith Mason is a bank official at Evanston, III, The will, it is understood, will be offered for probate at Goshen, Orange county,

GUILTY OF MURDER.

Garland Moore Who Murdered Clara West Gets 25 Years.

Springfield, Mo., May 7.—The jury in the case of Garland Moore, who stabbed Clara West to death because she jilted him, returned a verdict this afternoon finding him guilty of murder in the second degree and fixing his punishment at 25 years in the penitentiary.

PRESTON SMITH MURDER TRIAL IS RESUMED.

Goldfield, Nev., May 7,-The Preston Goldfield, Nev., May 7.—The Preston Smith murder trial was resumed today with the defense putting on witnesses to prove an alibi for the defendants charged with conspiracy. No testimony was introduced to prove the innocence of the men directly charged with the murder, the attempt apparently being to lay a foundation for an application for ball for St. John and others accused of conspiracy. Only three or four more alibi witnesses will be examined this afternoon when the defense will close. Rebuttal will be be examined this afternoon when the defense will close. Rebuttal will begin tonight and it is expected that the case will go to the jury tomorrow. The miners' union has made public a letter to Judge Langdon strongly denouncing the author of the anonymous threatening note received by him yesterday and closing as follows:

"We have every confidence in you and know that you will give the defendants a square deal, and that is all they are entitled to."

KNOWLES COURT-MARTIAL.

Fort Sill, Okla., May 7.—Lieut, Nichols of the Thirtieth infantry, testifying ois of the Thirtieth infantry, testifying in the Knowles court-martial today, regarding the lay of the land about Fort Reno, where Capt. Edgar B. Macklin was shot on Dec. 22, 1996, stated that the chances were 12 to 1 against an intruder being detected. Knowles is charged with assaulting Capt. Macklin with intent to kill.

with intent to kill.

Jesse Fugua, the boy who found clothing tallying with that worn by the assailant, according to Capt, Macklin, identified the apparel and said it

Testimony given by Mrs. Johnson, Capt. Macklin's cook, corroborated the officers statement except that she said the assailant carried a regular service revolver instead of a bought

LYNDHURST MORTGAGED.

It is the Pretentions Home of Mrs Wm. Thaw in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Lyndhurst, the pretentious home of Mrs. William Thaw, in this city, has been mortgaged for \$100,000, according to the Pittsburg Leader. The mortgage was secured some time ago, but the book containing the record has been hidden and the deal did not become public until today.

day,

The interest charged is 5½ per cent, and the mortgage is held by the Fidelity Title & Trust company. It will mature in three years. The paper was Now York, March 7, 1997, mature in three years. The paper was drawn in New York, March 7, 1997, and was witnessed by Atty. Clifford Lenrot, 14; W. Hartridge, of Harry Thaw's coun-

BANKS'

Are bringing out more than a dozen new Summer Hats, retailing at \$5.00 to \$15.00 The new Sailors' Are 75c to \$1.00 each.

116 So. Main St.

Ror Backache, Rheumatism and the Kid-Sold by Z.C.M.I.Drug Dept., 112-4 Main

HEWLETT'S



CROWN TEAS

are pure, delicious and satisfying - the very cream of the world's choicest tea gardens.

They're good and wholesome, too. Always ask your grocer for HEWLETT'S TEAS

In red and gold cartons,

sel, and John P. Meagher, a notary. Extraordinary efforts have been made to keep the mortgage secret.

HONORS TO CARDINALS.

Some of Newly Created Ones Given Military Honors on Return. Rome, May 7 .- Considerable discus-

sion has been caused by the fact that some of the cardinals created at the consistory of April 15 were received with military honors on returning to their dioceses. The anti-Clericals thereuron organized counter-demon-strations. The governmental press maintains that the cardinals were enmaintains that the cardinals were entitled to military honors, as they rank with princes of the blood, and add that the participation of the troops was requested, especially by Cardinal Lorenzelli, archbishop of Lucca, but the report that he asked the pope's permission in writing to receive military honors is incorrect.

DISTRESS IN JAMAICA.

Caused by Rains Changing Refugee Camps Into Morasses.

Kingston, Jam., May 8.—The preliminary showers of the rainy season have changed the race courses where per sons driven out of the homes by recent earthquake are camped, in morass and as a consequence there is much distress among the people. The wooden buildings intended for their use have not been completed and many of the tents which had been in use as temporary shelters have been wrecked.

LENROOT WITHDRAWS.

Madison, Wis., May 7.—Irving L. Len-oot of Superior, Wis., withdrew from he Republican senatorial race tonight without making any requests as to the future course of his followers. Learoot is a supporter of Senator La Follette.

Mr. Lenroot's retirement being unexpected, his supporters agreed that for tonight at least they would continue to support him.

Four ballots were taken, the last one ur ballots were taken, the last one

AE.PINKHAM N honest, tried and true remedy, of unquestionable curative value, made from Native Roots and Herbs. It contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and complies with all conditions of the Pure Food and Drugs Law. Its annual sales are greater than that of any other medicine exclusively for women. During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman. Merit alone can produce such results. Good advertising serves to call attention for a time, but merit alone can stand the test of time. All sick women should note these facts, and placing all possible prejudices aside, should realize the truthfulness of these statements, and when assailed with any of the numerous illnesses peculiar to their sex, should at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. If there is anything about your illness you do not understand, write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice has helped thousands of women. For all this she will not charge you a cent; besides, she will keep your letter strictly confidential, as indicated by the fact that every private letter received by her during the last twenty years, and more, she now has in the Company's laboratory under lock and key - and no testimonial has ever been published without special written permission. Write her to-day; don't wait.